

1 The future of search

COMPREHENSION

A

Suggested answer

In the library you can quickly find relevant, subject-specific information; however, there are fewer resources available in the library than there are online.

B

Suggested answer

There might be too much information and it could be difficult to tell whether the information comes from a trusted source.

C

Social search Voice search Privacy

D

- 1 wasn't
- 2 more
- 3 more
- 4 Maps and menus

E

- 1 Google makes money by advertising next to searches.
- 2 Google spends money on sites like YouTube to find out what people like.

F

Summary 3 is the best.

AUTHENTIC ENGLISH

A

We change nouns to verbs to communicate things more quickly and efficiently.
Other examples: photoshop, skype, whatsapp, wiki.

B

- 1 google
- 2 whatsapp
- 3 wiki / google
- 4 facetime

2 Sport is the answer

COMPREHENSION

A

Suggested answer

The people in the picture are doing yoga. Other ways of keeping fit include: cycling, swimming and going to the gym.

C

- 1 The water is cold
- 2 They are swimming off the coast of Porthcurno Beach, Cornwall.
- 3 To relax, give them energy, to make them forget their problems.

D

- 1 put on
- 2 has
- 3 half a minute
- 4 was always working
- 5 being part of a group

E

- 1 joy
- 2 pleasure
- 3 freedom
- 4 thoughts
- 5 nature
- 6 people

AUTHENTIC ENGLISH

A

Like is used here to introduce new important information and to allow the speaker to pause.

B

- 1 no money left
- 2 everything

3 Bike mania

COMPREHENSION

A

Suggested answers

- 1 On a quiet road in a town or city.
- 2 The roads may be busy, it could be dangerous and there will also be more air pollution.
- 3 Cycling is better for the environment than driving.

B

Summary 2 is the best.

C

- 1 are different types
- 2 poverty
- 3 rents
- 4 safety

D

Suggested answer

In Cárdenas, there are fewer cars than in Moscow; however, cyclists in Cárdenas don't have cycle lanes and have to compete with drivers.

E

- 1 F (Gifts such as free bananas, sweets and discounts are used to motivate cyclists.)
- 2 F (There are more cycle lanes in Amsterdam.)
- 3 T
- 4 T

F

- 1 B
- 2 R
- 3 C
- 4 R

AUTHENTIC ENGLISH

A

A possible synonym could be *however*.

B

Suggested answers

- 1 I love cycling - it's difficult here **though** because of the traffic.
I love cycling **though** it's difficult here because of the traffic.
- 2 I'm not a vegetarian, I don't eat red meat, **though**.
I'm not a vegetarian **though** I don't eat red meat.
- 3 I love that part of Spain. The weather's usually terrible **though**.
I love that part of Spain, **though** the weather's usually terrible.

4 The internet wants your job

COMPREHENSION

A

Suggested answer

Manufacturing jobs - could be replaced by robots

B

accountant, computer programmer, doctor, lawyer, teacher

C

- 1 all jobs
- 2 for free
- 3 specialize in a specific area

D

- 1 d
- 2 f
- 3 c
- 4 e
- 5 b
- 6 a

E

Summary 2 is the best.
Summary 1 is incorrect because the video does offer advice for what to do about work in general.

AUTHENTIC ENGLISH

A

app – application
We use abbreviations, acronyms and initialisms to save time and make our communication more dynamic and concise.

B

- 1 CD – compact disc
- 2 DVD – digital video disc
- 3 FAQ – frequently asked questions
- 4 HDMI – high definition multi-media interface
- 5 LCD – liquid crystal display
- 6 SMS – short message service
- 7 PC – personal computer
- 8 IT – information technology
- 9 P2P – peer to peer
- 10 VLE – virtual learning environment

C

- 1 LOL – laugh out loud
- 2 BTW – by the way
- 3 IMO – in my opinion

5 What is inflation?

COMPREHENSION

B

Inflation is an economic process in which prices increase so that money becomes less valuable.

C

- 1 a 2 c 3 a 4 b

D

- 1 The year the Big Mac was launched.
- 2 The number of hours it took for prices to double in Zimbabwe in 2008.
- 3 The period of time in Germany when the currency was devalued.
- 4 The amount of money mentioned in a piggy bank.

AUTHENTIC ENGLISH

A

We often ask rhetorical questions to generate interest and/or capture an audience's attention, as in this case. They are very common in speeches and adverts.

B

Suggested answers

- 2 How has it changed?
- 3 Is this effect positive or negative?
- 4 Why is this?

6 Different limits

COMPREHENSION

B

Kilian Jornet is famous because he is widely considered to be the world's best ultra-distance and marathon runner.

C

- 1 the present moment
- 2 try not to think about
- 3 you've trained a lot
- 4 he has trained since he was a child

D

- | | |
|--------------|----------------|
| 1 past | 5 emotion |
| 2 moment | 6 energy |
| 3 summit | 7 feelings |
| 4 adrenaline | 8 satisfaction |

AUTHENTIC ENGLISH

B

Just comes before the verb, but after the verb *to be* (and modals).

C

- 1 It was **just** such a beautiful place.
- 2 It's **just** not fair.
- 3 I **just** want to go out.

D

Suggested answers

- 1 a short amount of time ago
- 2 only
- 3 only this (one small favor)
- 4 at this moment

7 Food truck frenzy

COMPREHENSION

C

- 1 It is the first food truck in Afghanistan.
- 2 Six.
- 3 People didn't know what the food trucks were, they mistook them for rickshaws and some people thought the food truck was an ice cream van.
- 4 Karachi, Pakistan

D

Obaidullah: people; taxi drivers
Naveed: ice cream
Nadim: cook; option
Saifuddin: hungry; Afghan

E

The trucks sell burgers, hot dogs, and food from the Caribbean, Mexico (quesadillas & empanadas) and Indonesia.

There is a truck that sells Turkish food, one that specializes in crab (*Feelin' Crabby*) and another which specializes in steak, cheese and fries (*Cheesequake*).

The food trucks are in Washington DC, USA.

F

- 1 F (Only for a couple of hours at lunchtime.)
- 2 T
- 3 F (It is expanding by more than 8% each year.)
- 4 T

AUTHENTIC ENGLISH

A

It shows that something's obvious and summarizes information in an emphatic way.
Synonyms: *It's obvious that; I'm sure/ certain that; There's no doubt that; Clearly ...*

B

- 1 **What's clear** is that corruption will never disappear.
- 2 **What's clear** is that there is no easy answer to this problem.
- 3 **What's clear** is that they deserved to win the match.

8 Erica the robot

COMPREHENSION

B

- | | |
|---------------|-----------------|
| 1 Kyoto | 4 see the world |
| 2 inventor | 5 more robots |
| 3 'architect' | 6 better than |

C

- | | |
|-----------------|------------|
| 1 important | 5 guide |
| 2 creative | 6 care |
| 3 uninteresting | 7 society |
| 4 children | 8 everyone |

D

- 1 I 2 E 3 G

AUTHENTIC ENGLISH

A

We use *let's see* when we need time to think about or remember something.

C

- 1 well
- 2 let me think
- 3 just a minute

9 The Happy Birthday story

COMPREHENSION

B

- 1 The song originated in the US (Kentucky).
- 2 It became popular in the age of television and radio.

C

- 1 c (In 1893, the Hill sisters copyrighted *Good Morning to All*.)
- 2 a (In 1935, Summy registered piano arrangements of *Happy Birthday* and charged license fees to anyone who used the song.)
- 3 b (In 1988, Warner Chappell bought the Summy company, and continued to charge license fees for using the song.)

D

- 1 To be able to use the song in her own film about *Happy Birthday*.
- 2 The dispute was over whether the copyright registration certificates Summy received in 1935 actually covered the song.
- 3 The judge ruled that the *Happy Birthday* song is now public domain.

AUTHENTIC ENGLISH

A

It refers to something important.

C

Suggested answers

The three phrases all have a negative meaning. The speaker believes that the issue is not as important as it seems or has been made to appear.

D

- 1 made a big deal
- 2 big deal
- 3 's no big deal / 's not a big deal

SPEAKING

A

3

10 The science of flavor

COMPREHENSION

A

The picture is of macaroons.

B

- 1 a 2 c 3 b

C

- 1 rounded
- 2 angular
- 3 boubu
- 4 kiki

D

Summaries 2 and 3 are correct.

AUTHENTIC ENGLISH

A

Say refers to an example or an imagined situation.

Possible synonyms: *for example* or *for instance*.

B

- 1 *Let's* and *shall we* can be used together with *say* in questions.
- 2 Sentence a refers to the present; sentence b refers to the future.
- 3 a what about; how about
b imagine; suppose